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**TWO-SIDED DEPLOYABLE THERMAL
RADIATOR SYSTEM AND METHOD**

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TWO-SIDED DEPLOYABLE THERMAL RADIATOR SYSTEM AND METHOD

BACKGROUND

The present invention relates generally to spacecraft, and more specifically, to a two-sided deployable thermal radiator system and method for use on spacecraft.

The assignee of the present invention manufactures and deploys spacecraft into
5 geosynchronous and low earth orbits. Such spacecraft use a radiator system to dissipate heat. The radiator system transfers thermal energy to radiator panels where it is radiated into space.

A deployable radiator used to shield the primary payload radiator in a stowed position to minimize transfer orbit heater power is disclosed by Caplin in US Patent No.
10 5,806,800 and Jones in US Patent No. 5794890. Various configurations of deployment radiator mechanisms and schemes are also disclosed by Cullimore in US Patent No. 5177901 and by Drolen in US Patent No. 55787969. However, a two-sided deployable thermal radiator has heretofore not been developed.

Caplin and Jones describe deployable thermal radiators that are used to shield
15 the entire primary payload radiator in the stowed position to eliminate transfer orbit heater power. One side of the deployable radiator is covered with a thermal blanket or shield. This invention exposes both sides of the deployable thermal radiator to space, thereby increasing thermal dissipation capability.

Caplin and Jones disclose shielding one side of the deployable thermal radiators
20 to eliminate transfer orbit heater power. By exposing both sides of the deployable thermal radiator to space, the available radiator area is doubled. The increased thermal

rejection capability is approximately 50% over a one sided deployable thermal radiator of the same size.

It is an objective of the present invention to provide for a heat dissipating apparatus comprising a spacecraft radiator system comprising two-sided deployable
5 thermal radiators and spacecraft heat dissipation method.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

To accomplish the above and other objectives, the present invention provides for a spacecraft thermal radiator system that uses two-sided deployable thermal radiators
10 that dissipate heat from both front and back surfaces thereof. The use of the two-sided deployable thermal radiators enables the thermal radiator system to have approximately 50% more capability than a system with just one surface exposed to dissipate heat.

The present invention provides for an improved spacecraft radiator system, spacecraft, and spacecraft heat dissipation method. An exemplary spacecraft radiator
15 system comprises first and second opposite facing fixed payload radiators that are thermally coupled to one or more deployable radiators that radiate heat from both sides thereof by way of heat pipes, such as loop heat pipes, for example. An exemplary spacecraft comprises a body, one or more solar arrays, and a spacecraft radiator system comprising first and second opposite facing fixed payload radiators that are thermally
20 coupled to one or more deployable radiators that radiate heat from both sides thereof.

An exemplary spacecraft heat dissipation method comprises the following steps. A spacecraft is configured to have a body, one or more solar arrays, first and second opposite facing fixed payload radiators, and one or more two-sided deployable radiators selectively coupled to the fixed payload radiators that radiate heat from both sides
25 thereof. The spacecraft is launched into orbit. When in orbit, heat coupled to the opposite facing fixed payload radiators is transferred to the two-sided deployable radiators for radiation into space from both sides thereof.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The various features and advantages of the present invention may be more readily understood with reference to the following detailed description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawing, wherein like reference numerals designate like structural elements, and in which:
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Fig. 1 illustrates a spacecraft employing an exemplary spacecraft thermal radiator system in accordance with the principles of the present invention;
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Fig. 2 illustrates a south side view of the spacecraft and exemplary spacecraft thermal radiator system shown in Fig. 1;

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION

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A spacecraft 10 is configured 31 to have a body 11, one or more solar arrays 12, first and second opposite-facing fixed payload radiators 21, 22, one or more two-sided deployable radiators 23, 24, and coupling or loop heat pipes 25 that thermally couple the fixed payload radiators 21, 22 to one or more of the two-sided-deployable radiators 23, 24. The spacecraft 10 is launched 32 into orbit. In orbit, heat coupled to the respective fixed payload radiators 21, 22 is transferred 33 to one or more of the two sided deployable radiators 23, 24.

Thus, a spacecraft radiator system comprising a two-sided deployable thermal radiators and spacecraft heat dissipation method have been disclosed. It is to be understood that the above-described embodiments are merely illustrative of some of the many specific embodiments that represent applications of the principles of the present invention. Clearly, numerous and other arrangements can be readily devised by those skilled in the art without departing from the scope of the invention.